



República de Moçambique
Ministério da Educação

Inglês
12ª Classe / 2013

Conselho Nacional de Exames, Certificação e Equivalências

Exame Extraordinário
90 Minutos

**Esta prova contém 40 perguntas com 4 alternativas de resposta cada uma.
Escolha a alternativa correcta e *RISQUE* a letra correspondente na sua folha de respostas.**

Questions 1 to 5 are based on the following document.

I love being a journalist and I try to do my job as I can. But sometimes it's quite difficult too. Last month a new manager was appointed to head up the news team. He seemed very competent and pleasant at first, and he encouraged me in what I was doing. Then he started to bring me small presents – and to phone me at night. I was surprised because I knew that he was married and had kids. Then he asked me to go out with him one night. I was flattered by all the attention, I think, and I accepted. But after that, things got too personal. He started to touch me every time he spoke to me at work. Then he invited me to go away for a weekend. I refused. He asked again a few days later. I refused again and said that I thought it was not appropriate. He got very angry with me. He said that, if I refused, he would make sure that I was fired. He criticised everything I did! Talking about sexual harassment, he is the one who should be fired!

Source: Learning English, Grade 12

1. What is being described in the text?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A A sexual harassment at the work | C The importance of journalism in Mozambique |
| B The human rights in Mozambique | D The necessary abilities to be a journalist |

2. Being a journalist is...

- | | |
|---|---|
| A always pleasure and rewarding. | C like being a judge. |
| B dangerous and not recommended. | D very nice but sometimes difficult. |

3. The manager seemed competent and pleasant at first but afterwards he...

- | |
|---|
| A advised the journalist to be polite and obedient when they were at work. |
| B claimed about his colleagues. |
| C encouraged his colleagues to work hard. |
| D started to bring presents to the journalist and phone her at night. |

4. The journalist saw that the situation between her and the manager was becoming too personal when the...

- | |
|---|
| A journalist knew that the manager had kids. |
| B journalist knew that the manager was married and had children. |
| C manager asked her to go out with him one night. |
| D manager began to touch her every time he spoke to her at work. |

5. Which of these statements is true?

- A All the journalists fired the manager
- B All the journalists were informed about this case
- C The journalist didn't accept the manager's invitations any more
- D The journalist gave up working with that manager and found another job

Questions 6 to 10 are about the following document.

Friends and lovers of the same sex

As we grow up, we often make friends with people of the same sex. We feel love and affection for them, and we may express our affection by hugging and kissing each other. When we get older, most people become interested sexually in people of the opposite sex. Some people realise that they are attracted to people of the same sex. In some countries, these people call themselves gay. Loving a person of the same sex is called homosexuality. Loving a person of the opposite sex is called heterosexuality. A woman who is attracted to other women is called lesbian. A man who is attracted to other men is called homosexual.

Homosexuality is strongly disapproved of in many countries, and gay people are often considered outcasts, even by their own families. In some countries, it is also illegal to have sexual relationship with a person of the same sex. This makes it difficult to gay people to express their feelings in public. In many countries, there is more acceptance of gay people today than, say, 50 years ago. But it can be very difficult to be different from all your friends. Society's disapproval also makes it difficult for gay people to receive equal treatment in matters such as marriage. Like any other person, gay people can also get HIV if they have unsafe sex.

Source: Learning English, Grade 11

6. We express our affections by...

- A eating together.
- B giving money to each other.
- C hugging and kissing each other.
- D seeing each other.

7. When we get older...

- A everybody is attracted to people of the same sex.
- B men and women become homosexual.
- C some people are attracted to people of the same sex.
- D we all become interested sexually in people of the opposite sex.

8. When a man loves a woman this is called...

- A gay.
- B heterosexuality.
- C homosexuality.
- D lesbian.

9. Gay people are today still...

- A accepted in all societies of the world.
- B expressing their feelings in public.
- C forced to hide their feelings.
- D having the equal treatment as others.

10. Which of these sentences is wrong?

- A Gay people can't be infected by HIV even having unsafe sex
- B Homosexuality is against the law in some countries of the world
- C Many societies do not approve of gay relationships
- D People have a lower risk of HIV infection if each one has only one partner

In question 11 to 21 choose the best word/words to fill the gap

11. **The goalkeeper was excellent, but Ronaldo ----- managed to get the ball into the net.**

- A dangerously B forcefully C hardly D skillfully

12. **Marta is very pleased because we invited her to stay with ----- at home.**

- A ourselves B they C us D we

13. **I am looking for my English teacher. ----- you seen him?**

- A Had B Has C Have D Having

14. **Don't worry! It doesn't ----- much difference.**

- A do B done C made D make

15. **I don't think I ----- out tonight, I am too tired.**

- A go B going C have gone D will go

16. **We needed some money so we ----- our car.**

- A drove B sell C sells D sold

17. **When I was a child I ----- cry a lot.**

- A have to B use to C used to D using

18. **They watched TV ----- 2 hours last night.**

- A for B since C to D while

19. **David has been watching TV ----- 5 o'clock.**

- A ago B for C since D under

20. **Liza apologised ----- not coming to the party.**

- A but B for C no D need

21. **Lina ----- read when she was three years old.**

- A cannot B could C shall D will

22. **Which of the following statements is in ACTIVE voice?**

- A My bag was stolen. C This car is expensive
B She was bitten by a mosquito D Those rooms were painted

23. **All these words are synonyms of enormous, EXCEPT...**

- A big. B huge. C large. D tiny.

24. **These are all adjectives, EXCEPT...**

- A belief. B important. C marvellous. D wonderful.

25. **Would you like some milk in your tea? Yes, but not.....**

- A enough. B many. C much. D too.

26. **I miss her but she doesn't miss...**
A I. B me. C mine. D myself.
27. **Which shoes do you like most? These or...?**
A it once B that one C this two D those ones
28. **All are illnesses, EXCEPT...**
A asthma, tuberculosis, yellow fever. C flu, hepatitis A, hepatitis B.
B cockroach, symptoms, butterfly. D measles, malaria, cholera.
29. **The HIV in human beings...**
A destroys the white blood cells. C makes them feel fine.
B increases the person's blood. D treats other infections.
30. **The study of science of numbers, shapes and measurements is....**
A English. B Geography. C Maths. D Music.

Choose one correct option A, B, C, or D that best completes each of the numbered spaces in the text.

When you see a famous singer or --- **31** ---, it is easy to believe that they have always been famous, or that it was easy for them to become famous. But this is usually not true. Most musicians and singers have not had easy --- **32** ---, and have to struggle to reach fame. Miriam Makeba is a South African --- **33** --- who had to struggle to the top. She was born in 1931 and her singing --- **34** --- looked promising when she won a school contest in 1944. But then she had to leave school because her --- **35** --- could not afford to keep her there, and she became a domestic servant in --- **36** ---. Whenever she could get time off her job, Miriam sang at --- **37** --- and funerals. After a few years, she realised that she did not want to go on earning her --- **38** --- by cleaning up after other people. She wanted a career as a singer, so she joined a travelling --- **39** --- of singers called the black Manhattan Brothers and spent three years crying because the --- **40** --- was so hard.

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|------------|----------------|-------------|
| 31. | A album | B music | C musician | D song |
| 32. | A guitars | B house | C life | D lives |
| 33. | A driver | B lawyer | C model | D singer |
| 34. | A career | B CD | C guitar | D noise |
| 35. | A colleagues | B friends | C manager | D parents |
| 36. | A Basket | B Habitué | C Johannesburg | D Machinery |
| 37. | A Maputo | B the moon | C the sky | D weddings |
| 38. | A car | B clothes | C money | D shoes |
| 39. | A agency | B group | C queue | D soldier |
| 40. | A food | B life | C rice | D water |

THE END