

Bem-vindo(a) à nossa aplicação de preparação para exames! Chegou a hora de se destacar nos seus testes e conquistar o sucesso académico que você merece. Apresentamos o "Guião de Exames Resolvidos": a sua ferramenta definitiva para uma preparação eficaz e resultados brilhantes!

Aqui, encontrará uma vasta colecção de exames anteriores cuidadosamente seleccionados e resolvidos por especialistas em cada área. Nossa aplicação é perfeita para estudantes de todos os níveis académicos, desde o ensino médio até a graduação universitária.

Exame de Admissão à Universidade Pedagógica, Inglês, 2024.

Eis o guião relativo ao exame do ano acima referenciado.

SECTION A – GRAMMAR

I. Choose the correct option to complete the sentences below.

1. A: I've never seen anything like this before. B: NeitherI.
Resposta: B - have Explicação: Because we are dealing with question tags and the right verb that must be used is to "have", as it was used in the first sentence.
2. A: I had very good marks this term. B:? That's great! Resposta: B – had you Explicação: Because we are dealing with question tags and the right verb that must be used is to "have", as it was used in the first sentence.
3. A: Let's go to the movies,? B: Ok, and after

Olá! Estou aqui para ajudar com qualquer dúvida ou informação de que você precise. Se você tiver alguma pergunta ou precisar de assistência, sinta-se à vontade para entrar em contato comigo no WhatsApp. Estou disponível para conversar e ajudar no que for necessário. Aguardo o seu contato! 879369395

Resposta : A – won't we Explicação : It is all about a future event and the statement is in affirmative. Its tag should be in negative.
4. A: She doesn't eat meat; I think she is a vegetarian? B: She meat, but no every often.
Resposta: A – does eat Explicação: Because the used verb is "to do" in negative and its tag must be in positive, although functioning as an emphatic element.
5. A: She wants to buy a new house but he
Resposta: D – doesn't. Explicação: Because we have to the verb "to do" in cases where there is no a specific verb that can be used as a tag/auxiliary.
6. A: We should finish before we leavewe? B: Yes, we can
Resposta: B – shouldn't. Explicação: Because we are dealing with question tags and the right verb that must be used is to "should", in negative, as it was used in the first sentence in positive.
7. A: I used to play rugby when I was younger. B:? I didn't know Resposta: D – Did you Explicação: Because the verb "to do" is the right verb to play the role on an auxiliary of the verb "to get used to".
8. A: Were they living in London whenoverseas? B: Yes, they
Resposta : A – were. Explicação : Because we are dealing with question tags and the right verb that must be used is to "be in the past simple", as it was used in the first sentence.
9. A: I wouldn't ever do that to him. B:? Well, that's good to know.
Resposta : D – Would you Explicação : Because we are dealing with question tags and the right verb that must be used is to "will in the past simple", as it was used in the first sentence.
10. A: You didn't do the dishes last night. B: I the dishes; these aren't the dishes from last night.

case, shoulb be "did do that corresponds to did", preceding the preposition "the".

Olá! Estou aqui para ajudar com qualquer dúvida ou informação de que você precise. Se você tiver alguma pergunta ou precisar de assistência, sinta-se à vontade para entrar em contato comigo no WhatsApp. Estou disponível para conversar e ajudar no que for necessário. Aguardo o seu

Explicação: Because this is the past simple rule. The finished action, "last night", and in this

contato! 879369395

Resposta: **B** – did do.

11. When we arrive in Tete City weabout 400 kilometres.
Resposta: A – Will have driven. Explicação: Because we are dealing with a finished time in the future.
12. By the time you arrive, Isomething spectacular and dinner will be on the table
Resposta: B – Will have cooked. Explicação: Because we are dealing with a finished time in the future.
13. When you get off the train, we for you on the platform.
Resposta : C – 'll be waiting Explicação : Because it is all about the moment that will happen in the future and this moment will be in action/a progressive event.
14. We on the first train next Monday.
Resposta : B –'ll be leaving Explicação : Because it is all about the moment that will happen in the future, the evidence is the expression "next Monday".
15. When I travel to England next year I English for over four years
Resposta: B – will study Explicação : Because it is all about the moment that will happen in the future, the evidence is the expression "next year".
16. Please, come at 8. By that time, I my homework and we can go out.
Resposta: D –'ll have finished Explicação : Because we are dealing with a finished time in the future.
17. I'm sure when you call him, he TV. He's always in front of the TV.
Resposta: B –'ll be watching. Explicação: Because it is all about the moment that will happen in the future and this moment will be in action/a progressive event.
18. We are visiting a new city By the end of the summer, we all the most important cities in Europe.
Resposta: D – will have visited Explicação: Because we are dealing with a finished time in the future. Olá! Estou aqui para ajudar com qualquer dúvida ou informação de que você precise. Se você tiver alguma pergunta ou precisar de assistência, sinta-se à vontade para entrar em contato comigo no WhatsApp. Estou disponível para conversar e ajudar no que for necessário. Aguardo o seu contato! 879369395

19. In less than 2 years, my grandparents for 50 years. We are going to celebrate it.
Resposta : A – will have been married Explicação : Because we are dealing with a habitual event. That's why there is the use of future perfect tense. Another point is that we are dealing with the state of being/activity that has continued over the period of mentioned.
20. I'm cleaning the kitchen. By the time you arrive, it spotless.
Resposta: B – will be Explicação: because the statement settles itself in the future event.
SECTION B – VOCABULARY
21. It's very today. I feel so hot and sweaty.
Resposta: D – muggy Explicação: Because "muggy" means a deep hotness felt by the subject.
22. It's absolutely! You could fry an egg on the ground.
Resposta: A – scorching Explicação: Because "scorching" means something that burns, like the ground in this context.
23. Although the rain has finally stopped, the ground is still very
Resposta: A – arid. Explicação: Because the main idea is to say that the ground is not damp or muddy while it rained.
24. It's a bit out there. I'd definitely
Resposta : C – cloudy Explicação : The idea is to say that the sky is cloudy and it might rain, so there's a need of taking a raincoat or a warm jacket to avoid getting wet.
25. The sky is very today. I hope sun comes out soon.
Resposta: B – overcast Explicação: Because the idea is the desire of seeing the sun as the sky is quite cloudy.
26. As it was a day, we were
Resposta: A – rainy
Olá! Estou aqui para ajudar com qualquer dúvida ou informação de que você precise. Se você tiver alguma pergunta ou precisar de assistência, sinta-se à vontade para entrar em contato comigo no WhatsApp. Estou disponível para conversar e ajudar no que for necessário. Aguardo o seu contato! 879369395

Explicação : Because they were wearing their rubber boots to challenge the water on the ground, as it was a rainy day.
27. The climate here is It's rarely too hot or too cold.
Resposta : C – mild Explicação: Because "mild" means "to be moderate". So the climate is quite moderate that is rarely too hot or too cold.
28. Because of the weather, the ferry to the Island wasn't running.
Resposta : BC – stormy Explicação: Because the idea is to say that the weather was too stormy that there was no how to use the ferry.
29. The climate of the desert
Resposta : A – arid Explicação : Because is known that the desert is always arid.
30. It was a bright and afternoon, without a cloud
Resposta: D – overcast Explicação: Because "clear" means 'not cloudy/dark'.
31. Joe is a terrible cold.
Resposta: B – suffering from. Explicação: It means that Joe is feeling a deep cold.
32. During her first trimester of pregnancy, Maria often experienced morning
Resposta: D- Nausea Explicação : Because is known that when someone is pregnant suffers from vomiting moments.
33. Ken went to see His dentist about his
Resposta: B – toothache Explicação: Because a dentist deals with the illness related to teeth.
34. My back was really hurting, so I took some
Resposta: A – painkillers
Olá! Estou aqui para ajudar com qualquer dúvida ou informação de que você precise. Se você tiver alguma pergunta ou precisar de assistência, sinta-se à vontade para entrar em contato comigo no WhatsApp. Estou disponível para conversar e ajudar no que for necessário. Aguardo o seu contato! 879369395

Explicação: Because painkillers are used to fight against the pain we feel. So, he/she was facing a back pain.

35. Sarah_____ to remove her appendix.

Resposta: C – underwent surgery

Explicação: Because she was facing an appendix problem and she had to pass through surgery to remove it.

SECTION C - READING

Read the test about the Fear Of Missing Out, and for questions 36 to 45, choose the correct..

36. The term FOMO was first used...

Resposta: C – by someone doing market research

Explicação: Because the one first dealt with it was called Marketing Strategist Dr. Dan Herman and really was a great marketer.

37. It can be inferred that the meaning of FOMO now...

Resposta: C – has changed since 2004

Explicação: Because its meaning suffered through each period of time and, after being used in 1996, once in 2004 its meaning changed drastically.

38. Wich of the following impacts of FOMO is not mentioned in the text?

Resposta: D – none of them

Explicação: Because all three options are mentioned in the text.

39. According to the text, people in previous generations experienced FOMO less than...

Resposta: D – technology had not advanced much

Explicação: Because it was before the technology makes a great impact in people lives.

40. According to the research, which of these people in MOST likely to experience FOMO?

Resposta: A – Na introvert doing school work on a Friday night.

Explicação: Because the research says that only people that have their rest at the end os the weeks and have their own occupations are more likely to experience FOMO.

41. According to research, someone doing an activity of their own choice...

Resposta: B – will only experience FOMO if their chosen activity in unsociable.

Explicação: Because only those who have their own occupations, not sociable can experience FOMO.

Olá! Estou aqui para ajudar com qualquer dúvida ou informação de que você precise. Se você tiver alguma pergunta ou precisar de assistência, sinta-se à vontade para entrar em contato comigo no WhatsApp. Estou disponível para conversar e ajudar no que for necessário. Aguardo o seu contato! 879369395

42. Who is most likely to be at risk from FOMO?

Resposta: D – Anyone who uses online platforms.

Explicação: As doesn't matter the age, if you use some platforms you are susceptible of the risk.

43. It can be inferred that FOJI...

Resposta: A – causes people to become ore lonely an isolated.

Explicação: Because FOJI means to have fear or joining in, in the belief that your insights won't be valued.

44. The text states that FOMO can be beneficial.

Resposta: B – if people use it to seek out opportunities.

Explicação: Because, according to the research, if people are open, can get outcome through FOMO.

45. JOMO refers to...

Resposta: D – none of the above.

Explicação: Because all the three first options are quite wrong.

SECTION D - LANGUAGE USE

Olá! Estou aqui para ajudar com qualquer dúvida ou informação de que você precise. Se você tiver alguma pergunta ou precisar de assistência, sinta-se à vontade para entrar em contato comigo no WhatsApp. Estou disponível para conversar e ajudar no que for necessário. Aguardo o seu contato! 879369395

51. If I continue reading 50 pages every day, by the end f the month I 8,000 pages. Resposta: D – will have read.
Explicação: Because we are dealing with a finished time in the future.
52. She wouldn't be helping you if she your sister.
Resposta: D – weren't
Explicação: Because the second clause is the response of the first clause and I is all about a probabilistic situation, and can be categorized as second conditional.
53. I wish I come to the zoo with you next weekend, but I'm doing to be busy. Resposta: A – could Explicação: Because is a desire that won't probably be held.
54. My parents were very I expected they would buy me a better present. Resposta: A - disappointing
Explicaçã: Because must be the adjective from the verb: to disappoint" and can be formed through "ing" form.
55. She regretted
Resposta: C – having got married
Explicação: Because the verb "to regret" does not request any preposition before the verb.
56. The weather was very hot the whole time. Wea month later when it's cooler.
Resposta: B – Should have gone
Explicação: Because is an action suspended by another finished one.
57. I'd rather for me at the station.
Resposta: B – you wait
Explicação: Because is all about the choice/preference from the subject.
58. The robbers have escaped.
Resposta: C – are thought to
Explicação: Because the idea is that everyone thinks that the thieves have escaped from a certain robbery.
59. I must go to the doctor and before I go on holiday.
Olá! Estou aqui para ajudar com qualquer dúvida ou informação de que você precise. Se você tiver alguma pergunta ou precisar de assistência, sinta-se à vontade para entrar em contato comigo no WhatsApp. Estou disponível para conversar e ajudar no que for necessário. Aguardo o seu contato! 879369395

Resposta: A – test my blood pressure.

Explicação: Because the subject is about to test the pressure of his/her blood.

60. _____ everything she said, I won't forgive her.

Resposta: C – in spite of

Explicação: Because the idea is that doesn't matter what happens or what he/she did, he/she will never forgive. "In spite of" is the same as doesn't matter.

THE END!